#### **NC Early Intervention Program**

# Annual Performance Report 2012

#### What is an Annual Performance Report (APR)?

The federal Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) monitors states to ensure that early intervention services are provided according to the Individuals with Disabilities

Education Act (IDEA) Part C. As part of this monitoring process, states must submit a six-year State Performance Plan (SPP). Annually, states report on their progress toward meeting the 14 indicator targets previously described in their SPPs.

## What is the significance of the indicators?

OSEP has identified four monitoring priorities and 14 indicators by which states can measure the effectiveness of their Part C services.

The 14 indicators are the cornerstones for ensuring that:

- early intervention services are being provided according to federal and state regulations.
- infants and toddlers and their families are receiving high quality early intervention supports and services.

### The APR Process

Children's Developmental Services Agencies (CDSAs) submit APR data to Early Intervention Branch, who compiles the data into a statewide APR for OSEP



OSEP reviews state APRs, compiles results and submits a comprehensive report to Congress

#### How did NC perform on the APR?

The Infant-Toddler Program exceeded its targets for early detection of developmental delays and provision of services in the home or community. Improvements are needed in child and family outcomes.

The full APR\* describes the progress and slippage on the indicators, as well as additional quality improvements and

revisions that will be undertaken to improve the Infant-Toddler Program.

\*Indicator 12 is not applicable to NC. Data for Indicators 10 and 11 are no longer reported in the APR.

#### How will the APR be used?

This information is used largely for quality improvement purposes and to determine compliance with federal and state regulations. Through analyzing data, setting annual targets and tracking progress, the Early Intervention Branch identifies areas that need improvement and develops concrete plans to address those concerns.

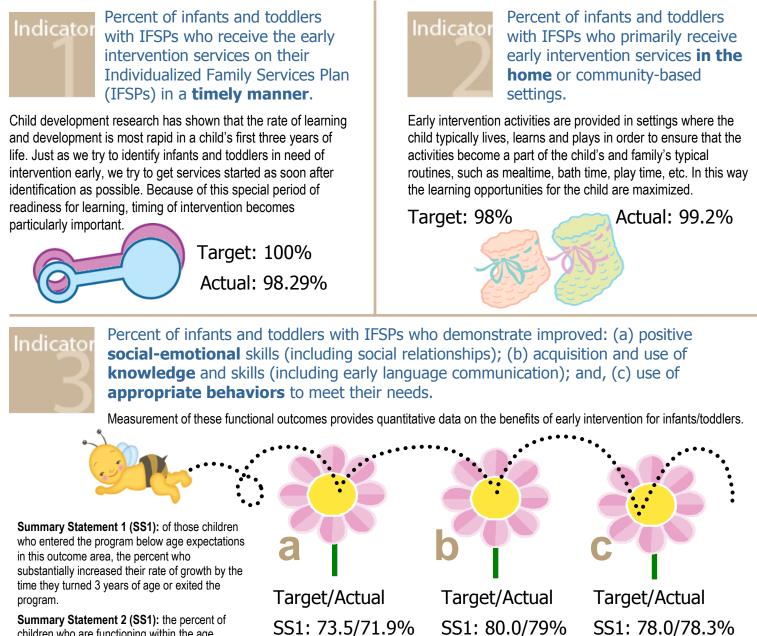
## How can I use the APR?

The findings included here are statewide. Gaps between target and actual performance not only show where improvement is needed, but also represents areas of opportunity for collaborative efforts with families, other stakeholders, providers, and various partners.

Community-wide efforts that span a range of services and agencies will ultimately support strong and healthy families throughout North Carolina.

## Where can I get a full copy of the APR?

After the APR is approved by OSEP, the Early Intervention Branch will post on the Branch's website at www.beearly.nc.gov.



Summary Statement 2 (SS1): the percent of children who are functioning within the age expectations in this outcome area by the time they turned 3 or exited the program.

Indicato

Percent of families participating in Part C who report that early intervention services have helped the family: (a) **know** their rights; (b) effectively **communicate** their children's needs; and, (c) **help** their children develop and learn.

SS2: 51.1/53.3% SS2: 57.8/60.5%

Early intervention benefits not just the child enrolled in our services, but also the entire family. The data from this indicator, collected via survey, demonstrates how families benefit from early intervention supports and services.

SS2: 59.6/62.0%

get: 86%	Target: 91%
ual: 72.2%	Actual: 83.1%
b	C
	ual: 72.2%

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## Percent of infants and toddlers **birth to 1** with IFSPs compared to national data.

Early detection of developmental delays is critical. This indicator looks at children that are

referred and determined eligible for early intervention before their first birthday.

Target: 1.10% Actual: 1.19%



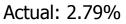


## Percent of infants and toddlers **birth to 3** with IFSPs compared to national data.

Early detection of developmental delays is critical. This indicator looks at children that are

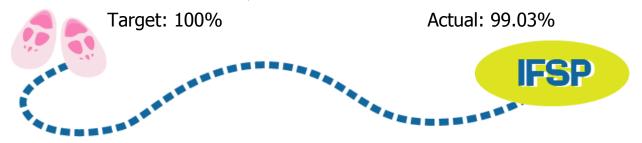
referred and determined eligible for early intervention before their third birthday.

Target: 2.10%



### Indicator Percent of eligible infants and toddlers with IFSPs for whom an evaluation and assessment and an initial IFSP meeting were conducted within Part C's **45-day timeline**.

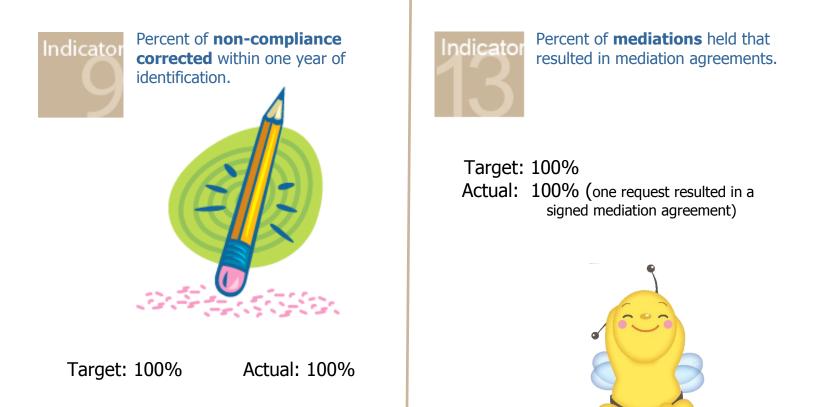
Because the development of infants and toddlers changes rapidly, it is important to start intervention as quickly as possible. Therefore, CDSAs has 45 days to evaluate the child, determine eligibility and develop a service plan that meets the needs of the child and family.



# Percent of all children exiting Part C who received timely transition planning to support the child's transition to preschool and other appropriate community services by their third birthday, including: (a) IFSPs with transition steps and services; (b) Notification to LEA, if child potentially eligible for Part B; and (c) Transition conference, if child potentially eligible for Part B.

As the time comes for the child to exit the NC Early Intervention Program at the child's third birthday, early intervention service coordinators help prepare the family to transition to other age-appropriate supports and services, such as preschool, Head Start or child care. Transition planning helps ensure a smooth process for the child and family as they move out of the NC EI Program.

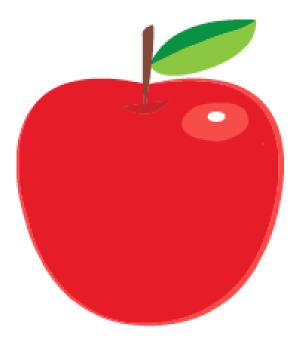






State reported data (618, State Performance Plan, Annual Performance Report) are **timely and accurate** 

Target: 100% Actual: 100%





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